Legislative Recommendation #7

Adjust Individual Estimated Tax Payment Deadlines to Occur Quarterly

PRESENT LAW

Under IRC § 6654(c), individual taxpayers generally are required to make estimated tax payments in four installments due on or before April 15, June 15, September 15, and January 15. Under IRC § 6654(l), the same deadlines apply for estates and trusts.¹

REASONS FOR CHANGE

Although estimated tax installment payments are sometimes referred to as "quarterly payments," they do not coincide with calendar year quarters and the payment dates are not evenly spaced. The April 15 and June 15 installments are due two months apart; the June 15 and September 15 installments are due three months apart; the September 15 and January 15 installments are due four months apart; and the January 15 and April 15 installments are due three months apart.

These dates are not intuitive and create compliance burdens. Small business owners and self-employed taxpayers are disproportionately affected by the estimated tax rules because their incomes generally are not subject to wage withholding. Yet small businesses are far more likely to keep their books based on regular three-month quarters than based on the seemingly random intervals prescribed by IRC § 6654.

These uneven intervals make it more difficult for many taxpayers to calculate net income and save appropriately to make estimated tax payments, and thus may reduce compliance.² They also cause confusion, as taxpayers struggle to remember the due dates. This confusion affects both traditionally self-employed workers and workers in the gig economy. Setting due dates to fall 15 days after the end of each calendar quarter would make it substantially easier for taxpayers to remember and comply with the due dates.

RECOMMENDATION

• Amend IRC § 6654(c)(2) to set the estimated tax installment deadlines 15 days after the end of each calendar quarter (*i.e.*, April 15, July 15, October 15, and January 15).³

16 IMPROVE THE FILING PROCESS

¹ Under IRC § 6655(c), corporate taxpayers generally are required to make estimated tax payments in four installments due on April 15, June 15, September 15, and December 15. Some of the benefits of establishing uniform quarterly estimated payment deadlines apply to corporate taxpayers to the same extent as individuals. However, we have not analyzed the implications of changing the corporate estimated payment deadlines, so this recommendation is limited to the deadline applicable to individual taxpayers.

Treasury Inspector General for Tax Administration, Ref. No. 2004-30-040, While Progress Toward Earlier Intervention With Delinquent Taxpayers Has Been Made, Action Is Needed to Prevent Noncompliance With Estimated Tax Payment Requirements 12 (Feb. 2004)

For legislative language generally consistent with this recommendation, see Tax Deadline Uniformity Act of 2020, H.R. 5979, 116th Cong. § 2 (2020). See also Tax Deadline Simplification Act, H.R. 4214, 117th Cong. § 2 (2021); Protecting Taxpayers Act, S. 3278, 115th Cong. § 305 (2018); Small Business Owners' Tax Simplification Act, H.R. 3717, 115th Cong. § 2 (2017).